

Problem

you intercept the ciphertext

O H 7 F 8 6 B B 4 6 R 3 6 2 7 0 2 6 B B 9
ϕ ϕ 7

and you know:

1) A 37 letter alphabet is used

ϕ, 1, 2, ..., 9, A=10, B=11, ..., Z=35, _=36

2) An affine cryptosystem

$$x \mapsto \alpha x + \beta \pmod{37}$$

is used on single letter message
units with enciphering key

(α, β) .

3) plaintext ends with ϕ ϕ 7

Decipher the message.

Solⁿ

②

Encryption function

$$x \mapsto \alpha x + \beta \pmod{37}$$

$$0 \mapsto \alpha \cdot 0 + \beta = \beta \quad (\text{Because } 0 \cdot 7 \mapsto 0 \cdot 9)$$

$$0 \mapsto \beta = 11$$

$$7 \mapsto \alpha \cdot 7 + \beta = 9$$

$$7\alpha + \beta = 9$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 7\alpha + \beta & = & 9 \\ \hline \beta & = & 11 \end{array} \pmod{37}$$

$$7\alpha = -2$$

$$\alpha = 7^{-1}(-2) \pmod{37}$$

To find $7^{-1} \pmod{37}$

Let's use the Euclidean

algorithm:

3

$$37 = 5 \cdot 7 + 2$$

$$7 = 3 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 = 7 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$= 7 - 3(37 - 5 \cdot 7)$$

$$= 16 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 37$$

$$\equiv 16 \cdot 7 \pmod{37}$$

$$\boxed{\text{So } 7^{-1} \equiv 16 \pmod{37}}$$

$$\text{So } \boxed{\beta = 11}$$

$$\alpha = 7^{-1}(-2) = 16 \cdot -2 = -32 \equiv 5$$

$$\boxed{\alpha = 5}$$

Enciphering function is :

$$X \longmapsto 5X + 11$$

Deciphering function:

④

$$x \mapsto 5^{-1}(x-11)$$

What is $5^{-1} \bmod 37$.

$$37 = 7 \cdot 5 + 2$$

$$5 = 2 \cdot 2 + 1$$

$$1 = 5 - 2 \cdot 2$$

$$= 5 - 2(37 - 7 \cdot 5)$$

$$= 15 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 37$$

$$\equiv 15 \cdot 5 \bmod 37$$

$$\boxed{5^{-1} \equiv 15 \bmod 37}$$

Deciphering function:

5

$$x \mapsto 5^{-1}(x-11)$$

$$= 15x - 15 \cdot 11$$

$$= 15x - 17$$

$$= 15x + 20$$

mod 37

Let's now decipher:

$$O = 24$$

$$24 \mapsto 15 \cdot 24 + 20$$

$$= 27 + 20$$

$$= 10 \quad \text{mod } 37$$

$$= A$$

The first letter of the message
is "A".

etc.