

Example use the enciphering function

$$f_E: \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

to encipher the plaintext

NO ANSWER

over a 26-letter alphabet
with $A \sim 0, B \sim 1, \dots, Z \sim 25$.

Solⁿ

plaintext

$$\begin{pmatrix} N \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ N \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} S \\ W \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E \\ R \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 22 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ciphertext

$$\begin{pmatrix} 16 \\ 21 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 03 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 08 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N \\ A \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

Ciphertext: Q V N A

Problem you intercept

①

GFPYJP_X? UYXSTLADPLW

you know:

1) 29-letter alphabet was used

A=0, B=1, ..., Z=25, _=26, ?=27, !=28

2) An enciphering function of the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}}_{\underline{A}} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} e \\ f \end{pmatrix}}_{\underline{B}}$$

where

$$\underline{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

3) The last five letters of plaintext are

KARLA

Decipher the message.

GF

L A D P L W (ciphertext)
K A R L A (plaintext)

$$\begin{pmatrix} C \\ P \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} P \\ Y \end{pmatrix} \dots \begin{pmatrix} L \\ A \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} D \\ P \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} L \\ W \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} K \\ A \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ R \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} L \\ A \end{pmatrix}$$

To decipher we need the deciphering function

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \underline{A}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ R \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} D \\ P \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} L \\ A \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} L \\ W \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 22 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 11 \\ 17 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 29$$

$$\underline{A}^{-1} \underline{A} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 11 \\ 17 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{A}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 11 \\ 17 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \underline{A}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 11 \\ 17 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \underline{A}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 11 \\ 17 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \underline{A}^{-1} \text{ mod } 29 \quad (*)$$

$$\underline{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{M}^{-1} = (3 \cdot 22 - 15 \cdot 11)^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 22 & -11 \\ -15 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ mod } 29 \quad (**)$$

$$3.22 - 15.11$$

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$$\equiv 3(-7) - 15.11$$

$$\equiv -21 - 165$$

$$\equiv 8 - 20$$

$$\equiv 8 + 9$$

$$\equiv 17$$

Need to find $17^{-1} \pmod{29}$.

$$29 = 1.17 + 12$$

$$17 = 1.12 + 5$$

$$12 = 2.5 + 2$$

$$5 = 2.2 + \textcircled{1} = \gcd(17, 29)$$

$$1 = 5 - 2 \cdot 2$$

(5)

$$= 5 - 2(12 - 2 \cdot 5)$$

$$= 5 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 12$$

$$= 5(17 - 12) - 2 \cdot 12$$

$$= 5 \cdot 17 - 7 \cdot 12$$

$$= 5 \cdot 17 - 7(29 - 17)$$

$$= 12 \cdot 17 - 7 \cdot 29$$

$$\equiv 12 \cdot 17 \pmod{29}$$

So $17^{-1} \equiv 12 \pmod{29}$

From (**)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 11 \\ 15 & 22 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = 12 \begin{pmatrix} 22 & -11 \\ -15 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{29}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -16 \\ -6 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

From (*)

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$$\underline{A}^{-1} = \left(\begin{array}{cc|cc} 0 & 11 & 3 & -16 \\ 17 & 0 & -6 & 7 \end{array} \right)$$

$$= \left(\begin{array}{cc} 21 & 19 \\ 22 & 18 \end{array} \right) \quad \text{mod } 29$$

To decipher

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 21 & 19 \\ 22 & 18 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{cccccccccc} G & P & I & - & ? & Y & S & L & D & L \\ F & Y & P & X & U & X & T & A & P & W \end{array} \right)$$

$$= \left(\begin{array}{cc} 21 & 19 \\ 22 & 18 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 15 & 9 & \dots \dots \dots \\ 5 & 24 & 15 & \dots \dots \dots \end{array} \right)$$

$$= \left(\begin{array}{cccc} S & R & K & \dots \dots \dots \\ T & I & E & \dots \dots \dots \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 21 & 19 \\ 22 & 18 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ 19 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} S \\ T \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-42 - 50 = -92$$

$$= -11$$

$$= 18$$

$$-42 - 55 = -97$$

$$= -10$$

$$= 19$$

Rough work