

Problem

You intercept the ciphertext

O H 7 F 8 6 B B 4 6 R 3 6 2 7 0 2 6 B B 9

and you know:

1) A 37-letter alphabet is used

$\phi, 1, 2, \dots, 9, A=10, B=11, \dots, Z=35, _=36$

2) An affine cryptosystem

$$X \mapsto \alpha X + \beta$$

mod 37

is used on single letter message

units with enciphering key

(α, β) .

3) Plaintext ends with $\phi\phi 7$

Decipher the message.

Solution

Encryption
procedure

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \phi \mapsto B \\ 7 \mapsto 9 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 11 \equiv \alpha \cdot \phi + \beta \\ 9 \equiv \alpha \cdot 7 + \beta \end{array}$$

Thus

$$\boxed{\beta \equiv 11}$$

$$9 \equiv 7\alpha + 11$$

$$-2 \equiv 7\alpha \pmod{37}$$

$$35 = 7\alpha \pmod{37}$$

"So"

$$\boxed{\alpha = 5}$$

The enciphering function is

$$x \mapsto 5x + 11 \pmod{37}$$

The deciphering function is

$$x \mapsto 5^{-1}(x - 11)$$

To calculate $5^{-1} \pmod{37}$
we first note that

$$\gcd(5, 37) = 1.$$

Let's use the Euclidean

Algorithm to compute

$$\gcd(5, 37).$$

$$37 = 7 \cdot 5 + 2$$

$$5 = 2 \cdot 2 + \textcircled{1} \quad \text{gcd}(5, 37)$$

$$1 = 5 - 2 \cdot 2$$

$$= 5 - 2 \cdot (37 - 7 \cdot 5)$$

$$= -2 \cdot 37 + 15 \cdot 5$$

$$\equiv 5 \cdot 15$$

Mod 37

Hence

$$\boxed{5^{-1} \equiv 15 \quad \text{Mod } 37}$$

Deciphering function is:

$$x \mapsto 5^{-1}(x - 11)$$

$$\equiv 15(x - 11)$$

$$\equiv 15x - 15 \cdot 11$$

$$\equiv 15x - 17$$

$$\equiv 15x + 20 \quad \text{mod } 37,$$

Deciphering function is:

$$x \mapsto 15x + 20 \quad \text{mod } 37.$$