

Graham Ellis

Topics

- Elementary number theory
- Matrix theory
- Eigenvalues & Eigenvectors

Context

Internet communications

Geometry & internet communications

Breeding rabbits

Elementary number theory

$$5 + 15 = 20 \quad \text{in school}$$

$$7 + 10 = 5 \quad \text{on a clock}$$

$$7 + 10 \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$$

Today is Monday.

In 73 days time it
will be **Thursday**

$$73 + 1 \equiv 4 \pmod{7}$$

More examples

$$10 \times 5 \equiv 2 \pmod{12}$$

$$7 + 5 \equiv 3 \pmod{9}$$

$$7 \times 8 \equiv 2 \pmod{9}$$

$$2 - 5 \equiv 5 \pmod{8}$$

What is $\frac{1}{3}$?

$\frac{1}{3}$ is that number with the property

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times 3 = 1$$

Alternative notation

$$3^{-1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

We call 3^{-1} the inverse of 3.

Back to clocks

What is $7^{-1} \bmod 10$?

$$7^{-1} \equiv 3 \bmod 10$$

because $7 \times 3 \equiv 1 \bmod 10$.

Application

Any book is identified by an ISBN. On older books this is a string of 10 digits.

0-141-31135-5

Jones and the giant peach.

The final digit is chosen so that

$$0 \times 1 + 1 \times 2 + 4 \times 3 + 1 \times 4 + 3 \times 5$$

$$+ 1 \times 6 + 1 \times 7 + 3 \times 8 + 5 \times 9$$

$$+ 5 \times 10$$

$$\equiv 0$$

$$\text{mod } 11$$